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THE MARINE CONSERVATION LAW

(1995 Revision)

**THE MARINE CONSERVATION (TURTLE PROTECTION)
REGULATIONS**

(1996 Revision)

Revised under the authority of the Law Revision Law (19 of 1975).

The Marine Conservation (Turtle Protection) Regulations, 1978 made the 19th September, 1978.

Consolidated with the -

Marine Conservation (Turtle Protection) (Amendment) Regulations, 1985 made the 12th April, 1985.

Consolidated and revised this 11th day of June, 1996.

MARINE CONSERVATION (TURTLE PROTECTION) REGULATIONS

(1996 Revision)

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MARINE CONSERVATION (TURTLE PROTECTION) REGULATIONS

(1996 Revision)

Citation	1. These Regulations may be cited as the Marine Conservation (Turtle Protection) Regulations (1996 Revision).
Definition	2. In these Regulations- “turtle” means any member of any of the marine species of the Phylum Chordata, Class Reptilia, Order Chelonia, including, but without in any way limiting the generality of the foregoing- Chelonia mydas, the green turtle; Eretmochelys imbricata, the hawksbill turtle; Caretta caretta, the logger head turtle; Dermochelys coriacea, the trunkback turtle; Chelonia depressa, the Australian sea turtle; Lepidochelys olivacea, the Ridley turtle; and hybrids between these various species.
Prohibition on possession of turtle eggs	3. Whoever has in his possession any turtle egg is guilty of an offence: Provided, however, that nothing in this regulation shall apply to- (a) the egg of any turtle bred in captivity by the holder of a licence granted under the Endangered Species Protection and Propagation Law, 1978; or
Law 21 of 1978	

- (b) any egg taken in accordance with a licence issued by the Board under section 16 of the Law.

4. Whoever takes, disturbs or molests in any way or attempts to take, disturb or molest in any way any turtle during the months May to October in any year is guilty of an offence:

Closed season for turtles

Provided that this regulation shall not apply to a turtle bred in captivity by the holder of a licence in respect of turtles under the Endangered Species Protection and Propagation Law, 1978.

5. Whoever, not being licensed by the Board under regulation 6, in respect of turtles, or the Endangered Species Protection and Propagation Law, 1978, has a turtle in his possession is guilty of an offence.

Illegal possession of turtles

6. (1) The Board may grant licences to fishermen who have traditionally taken turtles within the Cayman Fisheries Zone by traditional methods to take turtles within such Zone by such traditional methods for consumption within the Islands.

Licensing of traditional fishing

(2) Licences under subregulation (1) shall be issued only to persons normally resident in the Islands and each such licence shall-

- (a) be issued annually and specify the maximum number of turtles which may be taken within such year;
- (b) prohibit the taking of turtles by means of harpoon or spear gun; and
- (c) specify the minimum size of turtles which may be taken.

7. Every turtle taken by the holder of a licence shall, immediately after taking, have attached to it one of the tags which shall be issued to such holder by the Board, and whoever, whether licensed or not, has in his possession a turtle untagged in contravention of this regulation is guilty of an offence.

Tagging by licensees

8. Any licence holder or other person who slaughters or injures a turtle before such turtle has been inspected by a fisheries officer and before such fisheries officer has checked and recorded the details of the licence under which such turtle has been taken, the weight and sex of such turtle, the area and date of capture of such turtle and the number of the tag upon such turtle is guilty of an offence.

Inspection of turtles

9. Any licence holder who having lawfully slaughtered or otherwise disposed of a turtle fails forthwith to return a tag to a fisheries officer is guilty of an offence.

Failure to return tag

Marine Conservation (Turtle Protection) Regulations (1996 Revision)

Penalties

10. Whoever is guilty of an offence under these Regulations is liable on conviction to a fine of five thousand dollars and to imprisonment for twelve months.

Publication in consolidated and revised form authorised by the Governor in Council this 11th day of June, 1996.

Clerk of Executive Council